

Application Note AN-V-219

Sn(II) in radiopharmaceuticals

Polarographic determination of stannous tin in sodium pertechnetate ^{99m}Tc injection kits

^{99m}Tc radiopharmaceuticals are widely used in medical imaging diagnostic procedures. They can help to diagnose a large number of diseases affecting the bones and major organs of the body such as the heart, brain, liver, kidney, and thyroid.

^{99m}Tc radiopharmaceuticals are usually prepared from so-called «cold kits». A cold kit consists of the ligand to which ^{99m}Tc is complexed, a reducing agent, a buffer, stabilizers, and further ingredients. Sn(II) is a typical reducing agent. It reduces the Tc(VII) that is added to the cold kit to a lower

oxidation state which then forms the stable organic complex.

For quality control, the Sn(II) content has to be determined in the kit vial. Sn(II) can be selectively determined using differential pulse polarography. The freeze-dried content of the vial is dissolved in diluted nitric acid prior to determination.

Polarography is a straightforward, sensitive, selective, and interference-free method for the determination of mg/L levels of Sn(II) in radiopharmaceuticals.

SAMPLE

Cold kit for preparation of sodium pertechnetate (^{99m}Tc) injection.

EXPERIMENTAL

After dissolving and diluting the sample with nitric acid supporting electrolyte, the polarographic determination of Sn(II) is carried out on the 884 Professional VA with the Multi-Mode Electrode pro as working electrode using the parameters listed in **Table 1**. The concentration of Sn(II) is determined by three additions of Sn(II) standard addition solution.



Figure 1. 884 Professional VA

Table 1. Parameters

Parameter	Setting
Working electrode	DME
Mode	DP – Differential Pulse
Start potential	-0.22 V
End potential	-0.66 V
Peak potential Sn(II)	-0.35 V

ELECTRODES

- Working electrode: Multi-Mode Electrode pro with standard glass capillaries
- Reference electrode: Ag/AgCl/KCl (3 mol/L) reference electrode with electrolyte vessel. Bridge electrolyte: KCl (3 mol/L)
 - Auxiliary electrode: Platinum rod electrode

The determination of Sn(II) in cold kits for sodium pertechnetate (^{99m}Tc) injection can be carried out in a simple and straightforward manner. The method is

selective and free of interferences. It is suitable for concentrations in the mg/L range.

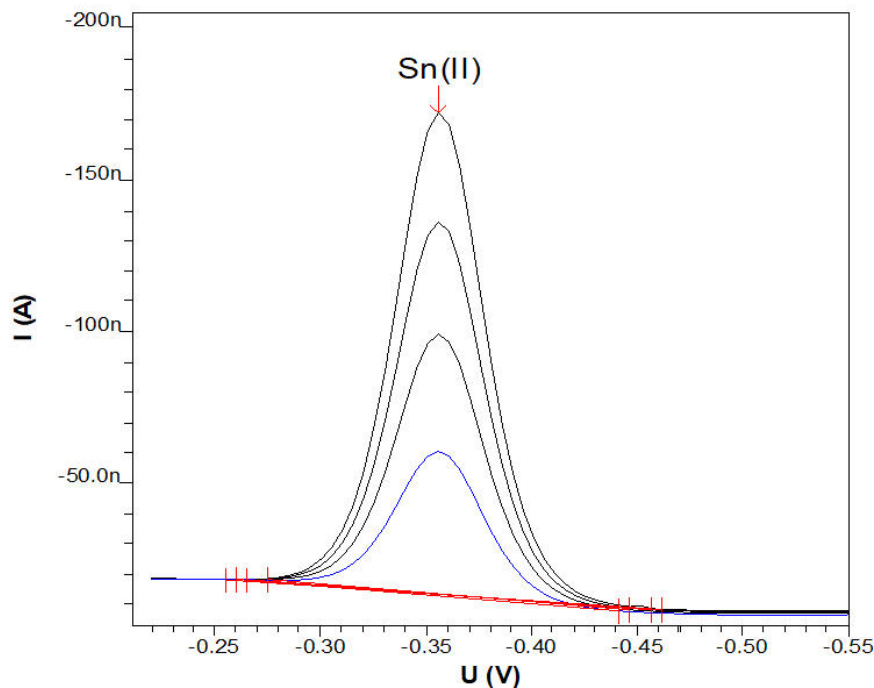


Figure 2. Determination of Sn(II) in a 99mTc injection preparation kit with 3 standard additions.

Table 2. Result

Sample	Concentration [mg/L]
99mTc injection preparation kit	22.1

REFERENCES

1. International Atomic Energy Agency, Technical Report No. 466 «Technetium-99m Radiopharmaceuticals: Manufacture of Kits», Vienna, 2008
2. Zolle, Ilse (Ed.), Technetium-99m Pharmaceuticals Preparation and Quality Control in Nuclear Medicine, Springer, 2007

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CONFIGURATION



(MME) 884 Professional VA manual
(MME) 884 Professional VA manual proscTRACE
Gold / viva Metrohm
CVS ()CPVS ()CP ()

viva
884 Professional VA manual MME pro **viva**

VA electrode equipment with Multi-Mode Electrode
pro for Professional VA instruments
Complete electrode set for polarographic and
voltammetric determinations. Includes Multi-Mode
Electrode pro, reference electrode, platinum
auxiliary electrode, measuring vessel, stirrer,
electrolyte solution and additional accessories for
setting up and operating the Multi-Mode Electrode.